

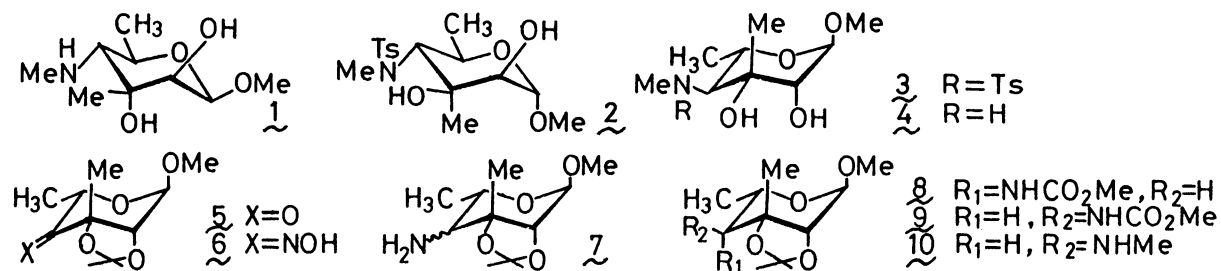
A FACILE SYNTHESIS OF METHYL 4,6-DIDEOXY-3-C-METHYL-4-METHYLAMINO- α -L-MANNOPYRANOSIDE (SIBIROSAMINIDE)

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The title branched-chain sugar obtained by methanolysis of sibiromycin was easily synthesized from L-rhamnose through eight-step conversions.

The structure of natural sibirosaminide, obtained by methanolysis of sibiromycin from a culture of *Streptosporangium sibiricum*,¹⁾ was first assigned²⁾ to be methyl 4,6-dideoxy-3-c-methyl-4-methylamino- β -D-altropyranoside (1) from spectroscopic data, the rotational value of periodate oxidation product, and the change of molecular rotation upon complexing in tetraamminecopper(II) sulfate solution, and a few synthetic works on 1 have been reported.³⁾ However, Parker and Babine revised⁴⁾ the configuration at C-3 of 1 by comparison of synthesized N-tosyl derivative (2) and its 3-epimer with that derived from the glycoside which was obtained by methanolysis of sibiromycin, and they further revised 2 to the corresponding L-sugar (3) from their rotational values.⁵⁾ This report communicates a facile synthesis of the sibirosaminide 4 having finally revised α -L-configuration.

As the starting material, methyl 6-deoxy-2,3-O-isopropylidene-3-c-methyl- α -L-lyxo-hexopyranosid-4-ulose (5) was used, which was obtained by direct 3-c-methylation to a carbanion of parent hexopyranosid-4-ulose with methyl iodide.⁶⁾ Reaction of 5 with hydroxylamine hydrochloride in pyridine and ethanol gave quantitatively a mixture of *syn* and *anti* forms of the corresponding oxime (6). Catalytic hydrogenation of 6 in acetic acid with palladium-carbon or platinum oxide gave exclusively the corresponding amine (7) having undesired L-*tal*o configuration, whereas reduction with lithium aluminium hydride yielded a 1:1 mixture of L-*tal*o and L-*mann*o derivatives in 94% yield, which was separated after conversion into the corresponding N-methoxycarbonyl derivatives (8: sirup; $[\alpha]_D -39.8^\circ$ (c 1.5, CHCl₃); NMR (CDCl₃): δ 5.13 (bd, 1 H, $J_{NH,4}=10.0$ Hz, NH), 4.87 (s, 1 H, H-1), 4.00



(dq, 1 H, $J_{4,5}=1.4$, $J_{5,6}=6.4$ Hz, H-5), 3.74 (s, 1 H, H-2), 3.71 (s, 3 H, CO₂Me), 3.52 (bd, 1 H, H-4), 3.39 (s, 3 H, OMe), 1.47 (s, 6 H, Ip), 1.38 (s, 3 H, CMe), 1.23 (d, 3 H, H-6), 9: mp 184-185 °C; $[\alpha]_D -57.8^\circ$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); NMR: δ 4.90 (s, 1 H, H-1), 4.60 (bd, $J_{NH,4}=10.0$ Hz, NH), 3.91 (t, 1 H, $J_{NH,4}=J_{4,5}=10.0$ Hz, H-4), 3.83 (s, 1 H, H-2), 3.72 (s, 3 H, CO₂Me), 3.60 (dq, 1 H, $J_{5,6}=6.2$ Hz, H-5), 3.40 (s, 3 H, OMe), 1.63, 1.37 and 1.32 (each s, 9 H, Ip and CMe), 1.26 (d, 3 H, H-6)}. Reduction of 9 in diethyl ether with lithium aluminium hydride gave methyl 4,6-dideoxy-2,3-*o*-isopropylidene-3-*c*-methyl-4-methylamino- α -L-mannopyranoside [10: syrup, $[\alpha]_D -69.5^\circ$ (*c* 1.7, CHCl₃); NMR (CDCl₃): δ 4.83 (s, 1 H, H-1), 3.75 (s, 1 H, H-2), 3.50 (dq, 1 H, $J_{4,5}=10.0$, $J_{5,6}=6.2$ Hz, H-5), 3.37 (s, 3 H, OMe), 2.54 (s, 3 H, NMe), 2.48 (d, 1 H, H-4), 1.53, 1.35 and 1.30 (each s, 9 H, Ip and CMe), 1.29 (d, 3 H, H-6)] in 96% yield. Treatment of 10 with 80% acetic acid at 90 °C for 18 h gave quantitatively methyl 4,6-dideoxy-3-*c*-methyl-4-methylamino- α -L-mannopyranoside HOAc salt [free 4: syrup; NMR (CDCl₃): δ 4.71 (d, 1 H, $J_{1,2}=1.4$ Hz, H-1), 3.64 (dq, 1 H, $J_{4,5}=10.0$, $J_{5,6}=6.2$ Hz, H-5), 3.57 (d, 1 H, H-2), 3.37 (s, 3 H, OMe), 2.63 (s, 3 H, NMe), 2.47 (d, 1 H, H-4), 1.29 (s, 6 H, Ip), 1.37 (d, 3 H, H-6)], which was first assigned as 1. The identity of 4 with sibirosaminide was confirmed by derivation into the corresponding 2,*N*-diacetate [mp 67-69 °C (monohydrate); $[\alpha]_D -65^\circ$ (*c* 0.5, MeOH), mp 132-133 °C (anhydrous), NMR (CDCl₃): δ 4.75 (bs, 1 H, H-1), 4.69 (d, 1 H, $J_{4,5}=10.0$ Hz, H-4), 4.64 (bs, 1 H, H-2), 3.99 (dq, 1 H, $J_{5,6}=6.2$ Hz, H-5), 3.40 (s, 3 H, OMe), 2.97 (s, 3 H, NMe), 2.16 (s, 6 H, OAc and NAc), 1.37 (s, 3 H, CMe), 1.23 (d, 3 H, H-6); lit.²⁾ mp 135-136 °C, $[\alpha]_D -70^\circ$ (0.4% MeOH)] and 2,3,*N*-tri-acetate [mp 130-131 °C, $[\alpha]_D -23^\circ$ (*c* 0.7, MeOH), NMR (CDCl₃): δ 5.59 (d, $J_{1,2}=1.5$, H-2), 4.69 (d, 1 H, H-1), 4.16 (dq, $J_{4,5}=10.0$, $J_{5,6}=5.4$ Hz, H-5), 3.97 (d, 1 H, H-4), 3.42 (s, 3 H, OMe), 2.86 (s, 3 H, NMe), 2.28, 2.07 and 1.97 (each s, 9 H, 2 x OAc and NAc), 1.24 (d, 3 H, H-6), lit.²⁾ mp 127-128 °C, $[\alpha]_D -25^\circ$ (0.3% MeOH)].

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